WITH NOTES OF THE DECISION PREME COURT,

ained in twenty-nine volumes of the Ohlo and Oh State Reports.) ND REPERENCES TO PRIOR LAWS. BY LEANDER J. OR FTOM IF ELD, ESQ. AND A PULL AND CONVENIENT INDEX.

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book, containing, as it does, all of the Statutes force, and the authorisistic construction of the Statutes for the Statutes for

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JUSTICES OF THE PRACE,

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CLERKS OF TOWNSHIPS, and

Insemuch as very many changes have been made in the
Statutes pince the publication of the last editions, by repeal, afterations and additions, and many important decisions have been given by the Supreme Court on con
troverted points, all.

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The Ohio Statesman

MANUPENNY & MILLER, Publishers. GEO, W. MANYPENNY, Editor.

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 19, 1861.

The Inaugural of Jefferson Davis.

JESPERSON DAVIS, of Mississippi, was on yesterday inaugurated as Provisional President of the Southern [Confederacy. A pretty full abstract of his Inaugural Address appears in the and able, and will attract the attention of every reader with the speech made by Mr. Lincoln on his tour to the capital, the loaugural of Mr. Davis exalts him highly,

The fact is, in point of brains, the Southern nal Government has for its President rare ability; while Lincoln is far below, and Hamlin comes scarcely up to mediocrity. Davisjand Syarmans have the brains-of that there is no doubt; and in capacity for statesmanship and diplomacy, the "Southern Confederacy" will and diplomacy, the "Southern Confederacy" will The rail splitting here muffs the danger from afar; place our President elect and his Cabinet far in And has studied out a speedy plan to quench the finne axiliful military commander, having been edu-boys!—

boys!—

Be's going to give protection to the corn of Illineis. in the regular army. He was also in active
service at the head of the Mississippi troops
during the Mexican war.

Oh, wisdom's now embedied in good old Abraham's he
wings has aprends.

Old Pennsylvania's Iron, and Chicago's Respers, too,
As well as Coal and Corn, are bound to have their du

IJ A subscriber in Arkansas, writing to us the Oil Wells of Mecca, they will not be forgot; And the Cheese of the "Reserve" will not be left the Under date of February 4, renewing his subscription to the Sisterman, in reference to which | And the Copper of Superior, are in his tariff plant he says, "in these exciting times I cannot do without the paper," speaks like a patriot about

That we are in the midst of perilons ot be denied. The politicians and demagogues, north and south, have ruined our country, and should, if war comes, be put in the front rank in the fight. How are our troubles to terminate? Must we separate, and if so, shall it be a peaceful separation? I think the sentiment of the people of Arkansas, if it were fully and fairly expressed, is for the Union. In this district I think it is strongly so, notwithstanding our Representative, T. C. Hindman, to the contrary. But in the present condition of the poblic mind, we must have some new guarantees that the North, now so overpowering in numbers and so full of fanaticism, shall not interfere with

one manifestations from the majority that a hundred and forty-one per cent, according to the and joint compromise may be entered into, the kind of article. The Times remarks: dvancing to meet such men, and at once enhich they make, the leaders of the Republiby bave no compromises to make—that they send to maintain the dogmas and doctrines of the Republican party, and carry out the extreme

at. Josian Quincy, still living in Boston. ing light" in the Republican Church. On the 14th of January, 1811, in a "fire eating he on the enabling act for the Territory of

"I am compelled to declare it as my deliber-te opinion, that if this bill passes, the bonds of als Union are virtually dissolved; that the talks which compose it are free from their mor-obligations, and that as it will be the right of

but the House decided he was in order. it he never carried out his threat, though he grawled from that day to this at the Demo-

Parional Intalligencer doubts the accureport of Mr. Lincoln's speech, prorecapture of the forts and other pub.
In the line of the United States in
ag States; and that paper speaks in
ag States; and that paper speaks in
accided terms against the attempt be-

Con. MANYPENNY:-I see that the Legislabuilding a new Penitentiary; and that many ers ere much exercised in their minds as

to whether one is really necessary. I do not think such necessity exists—and will state a few of the reasons for my opinion.

If the present institution could be made by

discipline is creditable to the humane feelings of those whose authority directs it; but such humanity is misplaced, and actually leads to injustice and cruelty to the innocent citizen. I do not speak of the abolishment of severe punishments for disobedience to the rules of the prison, but to the general treatment of the convicts Every annual report, and numerous newspaper paragraphs, proclaim the excellent fare provided for the criminals, which is, indeed, far better than a large majority of them were ever accustomed to, when in their innocence. The law requires them to have "coarse but wholethan a large majority of them were ever accustomed to, when in their innocence. The law requires them to have "coarse but wholesome food"—yet they get all the dainties and many of the luxuries of life—have access to the news of the day, and too frequent intercourse with their friends; so that there is but a trifle's difference between their treatment and that of the unfortunates in the Benevolent Institutions. A change in this respect, as soon as it becomes known among the evil disposed, would lessen the number of boarders at the Asylum for Crime.

for Crime.

2d. Judges err, in too many cases, in the length of time to which they sentence criminals, and thereby keep the institution filled; and as too long service, in most cases, breaks down the manhood of the convict, and crushes out his hopes for the future, and embitters his heart which the service and the length in confinement his hopes for the future, and embitters his heart towards society, all the lenity in confinement fails to incite purpose of reform when released, thus doing no service by way of reformation, and the object of the sentence is partially defeated. Short terms and rigid discipline would be more reformatory in effect, and would lessen the permanent number in confinement.

3d. The Reform School, which is now a little less than a humbur, ought to be so constructed

3d. The Reform School, which is now another less than a humbug, ought to be so constructed and managed that nearly all the convicts now in the Penitentiary, under 20 years of age, should be sent to that institution. This would take out nearly one hundred from the latter. Then, nearly all of these who are sent to the O. P. for only one "year should be transferred to the Reform Farm; this would take out over fifty

4th. There are now in the Ohio Penifentiar, from one hundred to one hundred and fifty convicts, who might safely and justly be pardoned out. These changes in the policy of the State towards criminals would work a wonderful change in the number of crimes committed, and soon

deplete the cells in the present institution.

But, continue the present policy, build a new prison, and in a few years another will be needed; for all the broken down thieves and pick-pockets in the Union will flock hither for an appropriate their processing when their second commences are the continuous commences and pick-pockets in the Union will flock hither for an appropriate their second commences and pick-pockets in the Union will flock hither for an appropriate their second commences and pick-pockets in the Union will flock hither for an appropriate their second commences and pick-pockets in the Union will flock hither for an appropriate their second continuous processing the c asylum, when their race of vice and crime is nearly run out, and they no longer look forward in hope of livelihood to any other way. I might say a good deal more on this subject, but will not trespass on your valuable columns Enough has been said to induce legislators to investigate the subject-and that is all I desire

"Peme" on Lincoln's Pittsburgh Speech.

A TAX PAYER.

In speaking of the crisis of the country, at Pitteburgh, Mr. Lincoln said "It is all artificial." When speaking of the tariff, he confessed he could not understand it, but said, however "There ought to be a tariff that would affore adequate protection to the coal and iron of Pennsylvania, the corn of Illinois, and the Reapers of Chicago."

He's going to have a Tariff made to comfort all on And the first thing he'll protect will be Pennsylvan

And California's golden sands; Potemae's affe They all are safe. This Union grand, Abe's

Then hall to the chief, and his brilliant scheme of pen
It is not "artificial," but t'will give the country case.
Becession now will hide its head, and Northern trease.
And opposing factions will units when he gate his fariLirough.

fairly expressed, is for the Union. In this first Ithink it is strongly so, notwithstanding Representative, T. C. Hindman, to the convergence of the present condition of the pot-mind, we must have some new guarantees the North, now so overgowering in numbers of fill of fanaticism, shall not interfere with constitutional rights—in fact, a clear recognition that we are equals in the Union, and then the article of steel, of which very little is manufactured in this country. The New York the article of steel, of which very little is manufactured in this country. The New York of the article of steel, showing, by comparation of the following resolution was taken from the table.

Resolved. That any member of this House absenting the figures in the existing and the proposed traif, that the duty on steel will, by the latter, be increased all the way from fifty four to two be increased all the way from fifty four to two be increased and forty-one per cent, according to Mr. WOODS suggested that the provisions of the suggested that the suggest

Steel is an article of universal use and ab Steel is an article of interests the annual interests. Only a very small amount is manufactured in this country, while the best kind of cast steel is hardly produced at all, either owing to a want of suitable ores, or the requisite skill in its manufacture. Under such circumstances, till it is demonstrated where our inability lies, an excessive rate of duty she not be imposed.

The Speech of Old Abe.

The Piret Secession Speech.

We have nover read such speeches as those made by Old Abe on his journey from Spring-field towards the White House since General Scott ran for President; and then, indeed, we were regalled with some choice cratorical more easily and present journeyman Cabinet maker delighting his audience with such choice and original expressions as "passional attraction," and quaint allusions to "free love" and homeopathy. We expect to be very much amused when the angular features of the elect of his people make their appearance in New York.—What we want is a good Western anecdote, and we hope the natural modesty of Mr. Buchasan's successor will not prevent his giving us the desired treat.—N. Y. Herald.

—Holbrook's U.S. Mail says that during the last year there were received at the Dead Letter Office 9790 letters containing \$52.154 86. More than nine-tenths of this amount has been delivered to the writers; the remainder awaits the call of the owners.

A NAVY FOR SCOVE CAROLINA - The Rich send correspondent of the Petersburgh Expressate that South Corolina has purchased of the

Bank may be taken for taxes.

By Mr. REID, from William Reid, of Greene ounty, for interest on certain checks.

By Mr. GAMBLE, from Wm. McNay and 75 iers, of Coshocton, against the sale of the

Also, from Wm. Fitzpatrick, and 54 others, Clermont, against the immigration of colnd referred. H. B. 354-To extend the time for

render of leases and purchase of Virginia mili-tary school lands. Schools and School Lands. H. B. 355—Relating to cities of the first class baving a population exceeding forty thousand inhabitants, providing for the school boards of such cities, to levy a library tax, and for other purposes. A select committee of the Hamilon county members.

H. B. 356—To amend section 59 of an act to

provide for the organization of cities and in-corporated villages, passed May 3, 1852.— Committee of the Whole.

H. B. 357—Supplementary and amendatory to an act fixing the compensation of members of the General Assembly, passed March 3,

Mr. VORIS moved the bill be referred to a Mr. McCUNE moved that the bill be refered to the committee on Temperance, which

Mr. CARLISLE moved that the bill be referred to the committee on Woman's Rights, on Sothers of Allen Co., on the same subject. Same which the year and nays were demanded and

The following notices were given of the induction of bills: By Mr. WESTCOTT-To exempt firemen May 1st, 1852, for the creation &c., of incorpo

the general tax and assessment act.

By Mr. RUKENBROD-To abolish the offices of trustees and treasurer of school lands.

By Mr. BLAKESLEE—To authorize attachments againt incorporated companies.

The following bills were introduced and read

H. B. No. 361, by Mr. THOMPSON, of H. B. No. 362, by Mr. SHAW—To preserve the purity of elections.
H. B. No. 363, by Mr. ROBINSON—To the propriety of this legislation, and on motion the bill was laid on the table.

H. B. No. 364, by Mr. STOUT-To autho-

rize the village of Clarington to borrow money or school house purposes.

Mr. KRUM, from the committee on Agricul ure, reported back
H. B. No. 308, On the running at large of

stock, with an amendment, which was adopted, when the bill was laid upon the table. Mr. MONAHAN, from the committee on the Militia, reported back the resolutions in re-lation to the sale of arms by the late Quarter master General Andrews, and recommended that the Attorney General, Auditor of State and Comptroller settle with Mr. Andrews for

the same, which was agreed to.

Mr. HITCHCOCK, from the select committee to whom was reterred H. B. 295—To amend the justices' code, reported the same back, when it was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time to-morrow.

Mr. BROWNE, of Miami, introduced H. E.

365-To provide for the incorporation of city and village, mutual insurance companies-

Mr. VORIS said he thought the resolution a proper one, and much needed at this time.

Mr. FLAGG said he should like to have some provision to ensure regular attendance; but did not think that this resolution met the but did not think that this resolution met the same object.

By Mr. HERRICK—From Nathan Hunt, for the same object.

By Mr. STEDMAN—From A. Chittenden, and 32 others of Partage county, for the same Mr. WELSH moved the reference of the res-

Mr. WELSH moved the reference of the resolution to the Judiciary committee.

Mr. JONES, of Hamilton, moved that it be indefinitely postponed, as he thought it would not improve matters. It was then reterred to the Judiciary committee.

Mr. HUGHES offered a resolution requiring the official reporter to publish the names of all members absent on the call of the roll—which was laid on the table.

Mr. PARR moved the following as an amendment:

That a call of the House shall be made each day of the Session, immediately after the reading of the journal—the absentees noted and and reported, and published in each days proceedings—which was laid on the table.

Mr. PARR movel the following as an amendment:

That a call of the House shall be made each day of the Session, immediately after the reading of the journal—the absentees noted and and reported, and published in each days proceedings—which was laid on the table.

Mr. PARR movel the reference of the resulting and distributing the journals of the General Assembly, and the laws and public documents. Judiciary.

S. B. 223; To amend section eight of an act providing for the recording, printing and distributing the journals of the General Assembly, and the laws and public documents. Judiciary.

S. B. 223; To amend section eight of an act providing for the recording, printing and distributing the journals of the General Assembly, and the laws and public documents. Judiciary.

S. B. 225; To amend section eight of an act providing for the recording, printing and distributing the journals of the General Assembly, and the laws and public documents. Judiciary.

S. B. 225; To amend section eight of an act providing for the recording, printing and distributing the journals of the General Assembly, and the laws and public documents.

S. B. 225; To amend sections eight of an act providing for the pauliciary.

S. B. 225; To punish adulterous elopements.

S. B. 225; To punish adulterous elopements to provide for associations of persons for carrying from the following and distributin

That a call of the House shall be made each day of the Session, immediately after the reading of the journal—the absentees noted and and reported, and published in each days proceedings—which was laid on the table.

Mr. BROWNE, of Miami, offered a resolution to provide for the appointment of a committee of seven to inquire into the expediency of and presentation of a bill to district the State for Congressional paragraphs.

or Congressional purposes.

Mr. ANDREWS moved to amend by ininto the propriety of districting at this

Mr. WELSH moved a substitute, that a joint committee be appointed to prepare a bill for the redistricting of the State. ons were laid on the table under

roe, Ciay and Case.

That under this doctrine, fugitives from political oppression found ample protection and rafinge in this country. The matter being one for the treaty making power, the State had surrendered the power of delivery to the general Bill, because it increased the

inals between the States exists, modified only by the constitutional provision and this did not a string, but confirm, the sensitive power is a string, but confirm, the sensitive power in the confirmation of the confirmation o

mittee on Federal Relations.

Mr. CONVERSE offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Board of Public Works public works.

By M. McCUNE, from T. M. Cook and 45 tendents and other persons employed, and for what purpose and unfer what contract, and the amount of money expended, on the Ohio Canal South of Roscoe, the Muskingum improvement, the Hocking Canal, and Miami and Erie amended canal contracts.

On leave, Mr. BALDWIN introdu 366—To fix the salaries of County Treasurers
—which was read the first time.

Mr. KRUM offered a resolution memorial. izing Congress in favor of supplying seed grain to Kansas, from the Patent Office. Mr. PATTERSON, from the select commit-

tee to whom was referred H. B. 326-Relative the same back, with one amendment, was ordered to be printed. The House then adjourned.

IN SENATE.

Tuesday, Feb. 19th, 1861 . Minutes of yesterday read and approved

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS. By Mr. ORR: From David Anderson and 34 others, for the passage of an act for the redemp-tion of notes and certificates of the Seneca Co. Bank. Mr. Mouroe.

By Mr. CUMMINS: From C. W. Wells and others of Shelby Co., on the same subject. Same By Mr. FOSTER: From L. G. Roebuck and

which the yeas and hays were demanded and By Mr. PARISH: Of Eliza J. B. Sheldon and esnited—yeas 45, hays 47.

The bill was then referred to Mr. Voris as a 67 others of Lorain Co., on Woman's Rights. Select Committee.

from laboring on the highways.

By Mr. CLAPP—To prevent violent interference with a slaveholder or his agent, for the rescue of a fugitive, and to prevent kidnapping.

By Mr. JACOBS—To amend section 94 of S. B. No. 231: For letting the repairs of the Public Works by contract. Referred to Com-mittee of the Whole.

> H. B. No. 334: To fix the standard of a to at 2,000 pounds avoirdupois.
>
> Mr. COX said, throughout the coal and iron regions, there has been diversity of practice it relation to standard weights, and this bill is de

on the same subject, from the State of Maine, to a select committee of three. Adopted. The Committee is Messrs. Garfield, Harrison and Ferguson. BILL INTRODUCED

By Mr. MOORE: S. B. No. 237: To amend the act of Feb. 14th, 1859, relative to making real estate indexes, and concerning County Commissioners. It authorizes the Commis sioners to appoint competent persons to make

Mr. BREWER recommended the passage of a substitute for S. B. No. 189, amending the adjournment act of April 6th, 1859. Agreed On motion of Mr. SMITH, the Senate wen mittee of the Whole on the orders of the

into Committee of the Whole on the orders of the day—Mr. Eason in the chair.

After some time, the Committee reported back the following, which were disposed of as designated, viz:
S. B. No. 231—For letting repairs of the
Public Works by contract—which was amended, and the bill was recommitted to the Standing Committee on Public Works.

The Senate took a recess.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. TUESDAY, February 19. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Grover.

The following memorials were presented an shall not be allowed his per diem, unless in case of sickness of himself or his family.

Mr. DEVORE urged the adoption of the resolution, as demanded by the habits of the members of this House.

Mr. WOODS suggested that the provisions of the resolution were substantially embraced in the statute regulating the conduct of the General Assembly.

Mr. JONES, of Hamilton, said he objected to the resolution, as it would cause a vast amount of sickness in the families of members.

The following memorials were presented and reterred.

By Mr. RODGERS—From R. Graham, Joseph Fowler, and 53 others of Franklin county, for amendment to the School Law in relation to colored schools.

By Mr. BRUFF—From the Presidents and Cashlers of the free Banks of Onio, in relation to the tax on State bonds on deposit.

By Mr. POWERS—From D. Cappen and 61 others of Sandusky county, against the passage of H. B. 330, in relation to spricultural societies.

By Mr. STEDMAN—From Joseph Hallotton.

ties.

By Mr. STEDMAN—From Joseph Heighton, and 188 others of Portage county, for a more efficient law against kidnapping.

By Mr. RUKENBROD—From A. Q. Critis—

bers.

Mr. KRUM said this resolution was no matter of jest. If the members of this House did not attend bester, they would find a sickness very fatal to them, prevailing at the polls next bery and 59 others of Columbiana county, for a law extending the rights and privileges of

yeas 57, nays 31. House Bill 227—To amend the act to provide

Mr. DEVORE explained the provisions and Mr. MYERS objected to the bill, as it in creased rates of tolls some 30 per cent, and would increase the burdens of the producers of

would increase the burdens of the producers of the country. He protested, in the name of his constituents, against the passage of the bill.

Mr. WRIGHT, of Hamilton, said that the turnpike roads of the State were nearly all in the hands of those who had bought them at no-minal rates, and could better afford to keep them up than the original holders. He thought it was not well now to increase the rate of tolls. Mr. DEVORE defended the bill; It only pro Mr. DEVORE defended the bill; it only provided tolis enough to keep the roads in order, which the present rates will not do.

Mr. SCOTT, of Warren, thought the present tells sufficient. If they were not, the companies could relinquish their roads and be done with it. He hoped to see the time when all roads would be free.

Mr. McSCHOOLER was also opposed to the

yeas 69, nays 18.

H. B. 295—Supplementary to an act entitled
"an act of the jurisdiction and procedure before
justices of the peace, and of the duties of constables in civil courts—was read a third time,

Mr. HITCHCOCK explained the object and rovisions of the bill.

Mr. WOODS opposed the bill, as it extended the powers of the Justices of the Peace under authority, and might act oppressively upon

perate in a cruelly oppressive manner upon the Mr. HITCHCOCK explained that the same objects could be reached under the present laws as this bill provided, but that this bill only professes to shorten the time and save costs to the

Mr. WOODS further opposed the bill, because it could be readily applied to the oppression of the poor man.

Mr. HITCHCOCK asked if the present civil b b b b b b b b b code could not be made a like engine of oppres-This Mr. IW. admitted, but said he would

could be made the means of severe treatment of the unfortunate poor.

Mr. BALDWIN said he understood that our present civil code continued the same provi-

ions as this bill. It was merely an ap tion of the same to the Justice's code. He saw no particular objection to that, and should vote He moved to amend the bill by striking out the limit of three months from the garnishing

Mr. FELLOWS opposed the bill as calculated to oppress the poor and unfortunate.

Mr. FLAGG said he would like to protect the wages of the laborer or mechanic, and he would like to see the bill amended, and would there-Chas. Munroe, Esq., Cincinnati, says: "I cheerfull express my fullest confidence in Dr. Ayer's medicine fore move that the bill be referred to a commit-

Mr. PLANTS objected to the bill as a whole.
He did not think it could be amended so as to
make it a good thing. He was for a vote on the bill, and a vote against it.

The amendment of Mr. BALDWIN was dis The previous question was then moved and sustained, when the vote was taken on the passage of the bill, which resulted-yeas 20, nay

GUERNSEY'S BALM

The House then took a recess.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. MONTGOMERY HALL

TMMENSE SUCCESS. FOUR DAYS LONGER-COMMENCING Monday Night, Feb. 18, 1861. D.C. LaRue's

WONDERFUL PANOPTICON Or Life Moving Mechanical Exhibition of the WAB IN INDIA AND THE SEPOY REBELLION. The most thrilling of all modern Miracles, embracing Over Eighty Thousand Moving Models! Illustrating nearly every subject connected with that remarkable country and the Great Sepoy Rebellion, all displaying the wonders of mechanism and the ingeculty of man to such a degree as to completely bewilder and enchant the speciator. Besides the wonders of the Panopticon will be added, for the first time, and authentic

CITY OF CHARLESTON, The Seat of the Secession Excitement, Charleston Harbor, Forts Sumter and Moultrie, Castle Pickney, Sulfivan's Island, and the Star of the West beating into the Harbor, expressly painted and arranged by that talented Artist, Mans. Louis Dufforq.

IP Exhibition every night at 8% o'clock. Doors open at 7 o'clock.

TICKETS 25 Cts. CHILDREN 15 Cts. Special Exhibitions will be given on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Afternoons, at 3 o'clock, for Children and Schools, to which all pupils will be admitted at 10 Cents each.

16b18-diw D. C. Larue, Prop.

CINCINNATI TIMES THE LITTLE MIAMI & COLUMBUS

& Xenia R. R. Newsboy would be pleased to faform
the public that the Cincinnati Evening Times is received
regularly every day, at 2 30 and 9 15, P. M. Persons
can procure them by calling on
WILLIAM FORD,
feb. 19 Ais-d. h

Deaf Mute.

Law Notice. EVITABLER WILL TAKE NOTICE

Notice to Creditors.

Jacob M. Conrade and others.

Jacob M. Conrade and others.

In the Superior Court of Franklin County.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE by the Court, in this case, notice is hereby given to the creditors of Courade & Brother, that they present their claims to me, verified by affidavit, agreeably to Section 13 of the set regulating the mode of administering assignments in trust for the benefit of creditors, passed April, 6, 1859, within six months after the publication of this police.

JAMES H. SMITH, Columbus, Feb. 18, 1861.

Casper Kiner's Estate. TOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Ly the subscriber was appointed and qualifi-the 17th day of January, A. D. 1861, as administra the Estate of Casper Kiner, late of Franklin C

REMOVAL.

D. stock of DRY GOODS from No. 121 South High street, to his old stand. No. 66 North High street, in Thompson's Building, where he will be pleased to see all his old customers, and all new ones that may come, where he will sell them chean goods.

A large lot of CARPETS on hand, which will be sold at cost, for cash, to close the stock.

D. H. TAFT.

AT 40 CENTS PER POUND.

Brit contains no deleterious

stance whatever.

amended by striking out a portion of the bill.

Mr. ANDREWS objected to the bill, as it would increase litigation, and he thought would ever used it have been attacked.

CALL FOR THIS AND TAKE NO OTHER 9 9 9 9 9 9 Do not Confound it with any other prepar tion put up by any person of similar name.

gladly vote to change that.

Mr. BROWNE, of Miami, took the same view of it as Mr. Woods. He thought it point not to be lightly estimated by those who requires Bear in mind that this Cherry Cordial is the prepara sterling medicine.

Geo. W. Rice, Esq., of Cincinnati, certifies to a markable ours of Asthma, the patient being his wife The remedy the cordial. great remedy.

Rev. Dr. J. F. Chalfant, Presiding Elder. (M. Church, Dayton District.) says: "I cordially recursed Dr. Ayer's wonderful preparation to those may be suffering from chronic cutarrh or distance of Throat and Lungs." Solomon Adams (of the well known Importing Goods House Hughes, Adams & Co.,) Cincinnati, "I heartily commend Dr. Ayer's Cordial as justly serving the icelebrity it has attained."

S. R. Bates, Esq., writes form Fifth Avenue Hotel, New York: "I shall always recommend my friends to the use of your Cordial, feeling, that it has effected what some of the most eminent physicians in New York and Cincinnati failed to accomplish, vis: the cure of Mrs. Bates' Throat." T. J. Emerson, Esq., Professor of Vocal Music, Cincinati, says. "All other remedies having failed to cur-or relieve my throat, I used Dr. I. W. Ayer's Cordial and am happy to say, it effected an entire and perfec-

L. B. Eager, Constable, Cloveland, says: "With the use of Dr. Ayer's Cordial I experienced the most decided relief, and have no doubt of its effecting a radical and permanent cure." nderful efficacy of the cordial.

Equally strong letters and testimonals from 8.2.
Burlison, Supt. of Bridges, Clevelandt H. Ranney,
Merchant; N. Sanford, Merchant; C. A Van Slyke,
Stesmboat builder, Buffalo; Gol. Grump, Hannibal,
Mo.; C. P. Jehnson, Esq., City Attorney, St. Louis,
Rev. A. J. Kane, Springfeld, Pla; Moses Chem,
Esq., Civil Engineer, Pittsburgh; and hundreds of others
have been received.

For sale in Cincinnatiby E. SCANLAN & CO. Wholesale Agents, corner Fourth and Main Streets.
SUIRE, ECKSTEIN & CO.,
Corner of Fourth and Vine Streets.
Also, at Dr. A YER'S Office, 30 West Fourth Street,
Cincinnati, and by Druggists generally.
For sale by DR. G. DENIG & SON, North-East corer of High and Rich streets. jan. 24:-deTu&Th&wly



[From the New York Observer.] As all parties manufacturing Sewing Machines a liged to pay Mr. Howe a license on each machine and are a so compelled to make returns to him, to cath, as to the number sold, his books give a correct ment. From this reliable source we have obtains following statistics. Of the machines made in the 1859, there were sold,

PRICES REDUCED

Awarded the highest prewlums—at the United States Fairs of 1858, 1859 and 1860; United States Fairs of 1858, 1859 and 1850;
also at the
Ohio State Fairs of 1859 and 1860;
and at nearly all the County Fairs in the State.
Our prices, at the late reduction, are as low as any
lock sich machine now sold, and but a tinis higher than
the injerior two thread chain stick machines, now
forced upon the market.
The WHEELER & WILSON MACHINE makes the

given in their use, free of charce.

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M. SUMNER & CO.,

dec3-2awi3m&w0m Pike's Opera House, Cincionati.

Land for Sale.

I HAVE ABOUT 520 ACKES OF A new Parm, situated in the county of Marion and State of Ohio, on the big Scioto River, six miles west of the town of Marion; it is all fenced in, about 30 acres deadned from four to eight years. A good new Frame House on it, about 50 acres cleared; a good leg Stable; about 150 young fruit trees; a first rate well of water; the deading is well set in to tame grass, and the big Scioto for stockwater. And I will make 100 acres more ready for the plow, take off all the timber, under fifteen inches, so as to make 150 acres of plow land. The land is of the very best quality, and I will take 320 per acre for it. I consider it worth at least thirty three per acre with 100 acres more cleared, but I must self it, therefore I will put it down ten dollars below what I think it worth if I were not obliged to sell. I have also another half section for raie, lying in the same section, one half deadened, which I offer for 8 is per acre. Reference can be had by calling on Joseph Renick who knows all about the land, or on the proprietor in Marion.

Teblis wiw Land for Sale.

TO JOHN SPILLANE AND OTHERS.

All persons are hareby cautioned against purchasing an order dated Oct. 1860 drawn by A. W. Shearer, Clerk of Prairis Township, Pranklin county, Ohio on the Treasurer of raid Township, payable to John Spillans or order, for \$120, for ten sets of Mitchell's outline maps. The said order having been fraudulently obtained will not be paid. tained will not be paid.

A. W. SHEARER, Clerk
In behalf of the board of Education of Prairie Townshi
jan. 23, w3t.*

George Louis Goelz's Estate. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the subscriber has been appointed and qualified a Administrator de bonte non on the estatu of George Lou is Goels, late of Franklin Courty, deceased. febla-way WINTER DELAINES,
WINTER DELAINES,
WINTER DELAINES,
New styles and very chesp at
doug4.
No. 29 Bonth III

Roberts & Samuel, N. B. Marple, J. R. Cnok, J. M Denig, G. Denig & Sons, A. J. Schueller & Son, Agents for Columbus, Ohlo. myl-diy

and by all Druggists. may29-d&wiy The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. J. S. Holme, paster of the Pierrepoint-Street Saptist Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., to the "Journal and Messonger," Cincinnati, O., and speaks volumes in favor of that world-renowned medicine, Mrs. VINNOW'S SOUTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TRETHING:

weeks by a very simple remedy, after havings uffereds eral years with a severe lung affection, and that dread

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescrip tion used (free of charge), with the directions for prepa ing and using the same, which they will find a suns Co for Consumption, ASTRICA. BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rrv. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

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None are genuine unless signed "W. A. Batchelor."

CHAS. BATCHELOR, Proprietor, and PERMANENT CURB of the

George W. Allen. By Vikitue of A WRIT of Fr. FA.

to me directed, from the Esperior Court of Franklin county, Ohio. I will offer for sale in the town of New Albany, at the store room of G. W. Allen, a lot of Dry Goula and Notions, levied on as the property of G. W. Allen; sale commencing on MONDAY the 25th day of February A. D. 1861, at 10 o'clock A. M.

G. W. HUFFMAN, Sheriff,

The P.R. D. Avis. Deo't. feb13:10:d Printer's fees \$5,50.

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